#### Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority Vail, Colorado

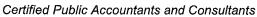
Financial Statements December 31, 2010 and 2009

#### Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority Financial Statements December 31, 2010 and 2009

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#### MCMAHAN AND ASSOCIATES, L.L.C.



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority
Vail, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. The financial statements of the Authority as of December 31, 2009, were audited by other auditors whose report dated August 26, 2010, expressed an unqualified opinion on those statements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority as of December 31, 2010, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis in Section B be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

D. JERRY MCMAHAN, C.P.A. Paul J. Backes, C.P.A. DANIEL R. CUDAHY, C.P.A. MICHAEL N. JENKINS, C.A., C.P.A.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The accompanying budgetary comparison and debt service schedules in Section E and the statistical data found in Section F are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The budgetary comparison and debt service schedules in Section E is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepared the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The statistical data in Section F has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

McMahan and Associates, L.L.C.

Mc Mahan and Associates, L.L.C.

**September 28, 2011** 

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The discussion and analysis is designed to provide an analysis of the Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority's (the Authority) financial condition and operating results and to inform the reader on the Authority's financial issues and activities.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (the MD&A) should be read in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements.

#### **Financial Highlights**

In 2010, total net assets decreased by approximately \$3.6 million from \$78.4 million in 2009 to 74.8 million in 2010. A bond issue for a multi-year capital program was the main factor in the change in net assets. Overall results at year end were bond proceeds on hand of \$9.9 million and total liability increase of \$15.2 million. Additional investment in Eagle Park Reservoir Company stock increased other assets by \$1.7 million.

Total expenses for 2010 were \$2 million higher when compared to 2009. An increased effort in repair and maintenance of the system and an increase in legal costs were the reasons for the increase. The Authority's 2010 financial activity generated a \$0.8 million increase in net assets prior to the depreciation on capital assets. In accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), \$4.4 million of capital asset depreciation was expensed, which does not represent cash funding for capital assets in the current period. The net result is a decrease in net assets of \$3.6 million for 2010, compared to \$1.5 million decrease in 2009.

In 2009, total net assets decreased by approximately \$1.5 million from \$79.9 million in 2008 to \$78.4 million in 2009. Operating revenues and expenses for 2009 were comparable to 2008. The Authority's 2009 financial activity generated a \$2.7 million increase in net assets prior to the depreciation of capital assets. In accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), \$4.2 million of capital asset depreciation was expensed, which represents cash funding for capital assets in previous periods. The net result is a decrease in net assets of \$1.5 million for 2009, which is consistent with the \$1.5 million decrease in 2008.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Authority are presented as a special purpose government engaged only in business type activities - providing water utility services.

The Statements of Net Assets present information on all of the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in the net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets present information that reflects how the Authority's net assets changed during the past year. All changes in the net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The Statements of Cash Flows report the Authority's cash flows from operating, capital and related financing, and investing activities.

These financial statements distinguish functions of the Authority that will be principally supported by service charges. The functions of the Authority include effective and economical operation of water systems within the jurisdictional boundaries of the Authority. The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

	<b>NET ASSETS</b>		
	2010	2009	2008
Assets:			
Current and other assets	\$ 24,230,651	12,756,604	11,959,685
Capital assets, net	83,407,045	83,329,534	87,060,771
Total Assets	107,637,696	96,086,138	99,020,456
Liabilities:			
Long-term liabilities	30,892,355	16,965,303	18,093,008
Other liabilities	1,988,963	733,062	1,028,681
Total Liabilities	32,881,318	17,698,365	19,121,689
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets,			
net of related debt	64,079,782	68,131,824	68,967,763
Restricted:			, , ,
Debt	2,526,980	1,735,795	1,583,496
Unrestriced	8,149,616	8,520,154	9,347,508
Total Net Assets	\$ 74,756,378	78,387,773	79,898,767

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Authority's financial position. In the case of the Authority, assets exceeded liabilities by \$74.8 million in 2010, \$78.4 million in 2009 and \$79.9 million in 2008.

The largest portion of the Authority's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Authority uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Authority's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

During 2010, Total Net Assets decreased by \$3.6 million. This is the result of funding multi-year capital projects with a bond issued in 2010 and the creation of cash reserves to provide additional security for the revenue bonds debt service payments. Total Assets increased 11.6 million, due to \$9.9 million of bond proceeds being held at year end for future capital spending and the added investment in Eagle Park Reservoir for \$1.7 million. Total Liabilities increased by \$15.2 million, this was due to the issuance of revenue bonds in March of 2010 for funding of a multi-year capital project per the long term financing plan.

During 2009, current assets decreased by \$1.7 million. This was due to a decrease in cash of \$1.8 million. The decrease in cash was primarily due to the purchase of capital assets and repayment of long-term debt obligations. The Authority acquired approximately \$3.1 million in new capital assets. This was offset by depreciation expense of \$4.2 million and disposals of \$2.6 million for an overall decrease in capital assets of \$3.7 million. The disposal of \$2.6 million related to resale of water rights not currently meeting the needs of the Authority. In return, the Authority received cash and a promise to pay that was recorded as a note receivable. The \$2.5 million note receivable recorded was the reason other assets increased by \$2.5 million. Lastly, total liabilities decreased \$1.4 million due to scheduled reduction of long-term obligations.

The largest portion of the Authority's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Authority uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Authority's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### **REVIEW OF REVENUES**

	2010	2009	2008
Revenues:			
Operating revenues:			
Service fees	\$ 8,355,216	7,693,024	7,527,812
Non-operating revenues:			
Investment income	134,458	192,023	195,907
Interest credit - Build			
America Bonds	259,363	-	
Other	47,873	240,538	109,234
Capital contributions:			
Plant investment fees	157,874	412,054	1,062,251
Water storage fees	18,498	87,220	187,635
Contributed assets	325,396	783,983	278,432
Total Revenues	9,298,678	9,408,842	9,361,271

In 2010, Total Revenue of \$9.3 million was comparable to 2009 levels at \$9.4 million. The Authority instituted a new monthly Debt Service Rate, to all customers, to ensure a more stable revenue source for the 2010 bond debt service. As anticipated, the general economic conditions provided less new construction and continued slowing of revenue from Plant Investment Fees (PIF) levied on new construction connections. This new monthly rate base was designed to fund the 2010 bond debt service and did fully offset the reductions in PIF revenue.

In 2009, overall revenues were consistent with 2008 revenues at \$9.4 million. In 2009, service fee increases were offset by a slightly lower demand in service levels. This was due to both the current economic slowdown and lower lawn watering demands due to higher rainfall in the early summer of 2009. Continued water conservation has been offset by rate increases to create a stable revenue source. Additionally in 2009, contributed capital overall was \$0.2 million lower in 2009 than in 2008. The plant investment fees (PIF) collected in 2009 were \$0.7 million (61%) lower than the 2008 PIF revenues. This lower level of PIF collection is due to an economic slowdown in construction activity. Contributed assets from Developers, to serve newly constructed areas, increased from \$0.3 million to \$0.8 million in 2009, or an increase of \$0.5 million. No other significant changes in revenues were noted.

#### **REVIEW OF EXPENSES**

Expenses:			
Operating Expenses:			
Water treatment	3,509,822	3,207,840	3,017,196
Water distribution	4,121,717	3,832,969	3,921,936
Other operating	896,920	734,899	684,084
General and administrative	2,645,800	2,142,057	2,201,835
Non-operating expenses:			
Interest expense	1,695,301	963,520	1,011,568
Bond issue cost amortization	59,238	37,276	34,363
Other	1,275	1,275_	1,275
Total Expenses	12,930,073	10,919,836	10,872,257
Change in Net Assets	(3,631,395)	(1,510,994)	(1,510,986)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	<u>78,387,773</u>	79,898,767	81,409,753
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Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 74,756,378	78,387,773	79,898,767

In 2010, Total Expenses increased \$2 million over the 2009 levels. The Interest Expense on the new 2010 revenue bonds made up \$.7 million of the increase. This expense was fully offset by the revenue source created by the new Debt Service Rate to all customers. The remaining increase in Expenses of \$1.3 million is related to an increased effort in repair and maintenance work on the treatment and distribution system's capital assets to ensure optimum operation and water quality, per the long term master plan and increased legal costs associated with water rights protection and other legal costs.

In 2009, total operating expenses were \$9.9 million, as compared to \$9.8 million in 2008. Total operating expenses increased \$0.1 million (1%). The Authority anticipated potentially lower revenues as part of the budgeting process for 2009 and, therefore, the 2009 operations budget was developed with the strategy to hold 2009 costs at 2008 levels in preparation of the general economic conditions indicating less new construction and possible slowing of service demand levels.

For 2010, the Authority's operating activities, prior to depreciation expense, provided a \$1.5 million increase in net assets. This was offset by \$4.4 million in depreciation expense which led to a loss from operations of \$2.8 million. In addition, the Authority earned \$0.4 million in net investment income and other income, collected \$0.5 million in contributed capital, and funded \$1.7 million in interest on debt service. All these factors resulted in a decrease in net assets of \$3.6 million for the year.

For 2009, the Authority's operating activities, prior to depreciation expense, provided a \$2.0 million increase in net assets. This was offset by \$4.2 million in depreciation expense which led to a loss from operations of \$2.2 million. In addition, the Authority earned \$0.4 million in net investment income and other income, collected \$1.3 million in contributed capital, and funded \$1.0 million in interest on debt service. All these factors resulted in a decrease in net assets of \$1.5 million for the year.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

The Authority's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$83.4 million and \$83.3 million, respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land and land improvements, water rights and storage, treatment plants, distribution systems, telemetry, water wells and construction in process.

Most of the water and storage rights currently used by the Authority were provided by the member government entities at no cost to the Authority. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), only owned water and storage rights are shown on the Authority's Statement of Net Assets at historic cost, totaling \$1.5 million. This cost represents mostly legal expenditures to establish the Authority's ability to use these rights to provide water directly to the customers of each of its members and a small acquisition of new rights. Also in accordance with GASB, the investment in Eagle Park Reservoir Company Stock, which provides a valuable source of raw water supply, is not reflected in capital assets, but is shown in Other Assets at the historic cost of \$4.4 million. Management of the Authority believes the actual value of these water and storage rights used by the Authority to be greater than historical cost at December 31, 2010. See the Schedule of Water and Storage Rights in the Statistical Section (page F8-10) for additional information.

Analysis of changes in capital assets in 2010 is as follows:

3	1/1/10 Beginning Balance	Additions	Reclasses and Retirements	12/31/10 Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being				
depreciated:				
Land and land improvements	\$ 780,962	-	-	780,962
Water/storage rights	1,539,404	-	-	1,539,404
Construction in progress	2,398,678	3,236,353	(723,821)	4,911,210
Total capital assets,				
not being depreciated	4,719,044	3,236,353	(723,821)	7,231,576
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Treatment plants	31,222,715	1,615,270	(274,066)	32,563,919
Distribution system	76,586,435	325,396		76,911,831
Water wells	8,194,535	-	(8,065)	8,186,470
Total capital assets	•	***************************************		
being depreciated	116,003,685	1,940,666	(282,131)	117,662,220
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Treatment plants	(12,412,451)	(1,395,526)	274,066	(13,533,911)
Distribution system	(22,934,797)	(2,659,231)	-	(25,594,028)
Water wells	(2,045,947)	(320,930)	8,065	(2,358,812)
Total accumulated depreciation	(37,393,195)	(4,375,687)	282,131	(41,486,751)
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated, net	78,610,490	(2,435,021)		76,175,469
Total capital assets, net	\$ 83,329,534	801,332	(723,821)	83,407,045

During 2010, total net capital assets of \$83.4 million remained consistent with the 2009 amount of \$83.3 million. The Authority started a capital repair, replacement and upgrade program according to

a recent capital master plan and proposed regulatory requirements for water quality. As a result \$4.5 million dollars were capitalized for spending on treatment and distribution improvements. This increase was offset by the annual depreciation expense, which reduced net assets by \$4.4 million.

Analysis of changes in capital assets in 2009 is as follows:

Thaifale of onangee in eapliar as	1/1/09 Beginning Balance	Additions	Reclasses and Retirements	12/31/09 Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being	Dalatice	Additions	Retirements	Datance
depreciated:	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
Land and land improvements	\$ 780,962	<b>-</b> .	-	780,962
Water/storage rights	4,095,496	_	(2,556,092)	1,539,404
Construction in progress	3,410,723	2,284,230	(3,296,275)	2,398,678
Total capital assets,				
not being depreciated	8,287,181	2,284,230	(5,852,367)	4,719,044
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Treatment plants	28,179,087	3,043,628	-	31,222,715
Distribution system	75,777,568	808,867	-	76,586,435
Water wells	7,973,566	220,969	<u></u>	8,194,535
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	111,930,221	4,073,464		116,003,685
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Treatment plants	(11,173,091)	(1,239,360)	-	(12,412,451)
Distribution system	(20,265,342)	(2,669,455)	-	(22,934,797)
Water wells	(1,718,198)	(327,749)		(2,045,947)
Total accumulated depreciation	(33,156,631)	(4,236,564)		(37,393,195)
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated, net	78,773,590	(163,100)	<u> </u>	78,610,490
Total capital assets, net	\$ 87,060,771	2,121,130	(5,852,367)	83,329,534

During 2009, capital assets of \$3.1 million were acquired related to water facility processing improvements, for increased capacity and improved water quality, driven by regulatory changes. No other significant assets were put into service during the year. Water rights decreased \$2.6 million due to the resale of the Flattops Ranch water right originally purchased in 2005. This water right was found to not fully meet the needs of the Authority and was therefore resold to the Flattops Ranch for full recovery of the original purchase price. Alternative water right augmentation leases and contracts have been executed to better meet the future water augmentation needs of the Authority.

Additional information on the Authority's capital assets can be found in Note III.G to the financial statements.

#### Long-term Debt

At the end of 2010, the Authority had revenue bonds of \$29.5 million and an assessment payable to Eagle Park Reservoir Company of \$1.7 million. The changes in debt during 2010 are related to a new bond issue, refunding activities and scheduled reductions of long-term obligations.

The Authority issued \$23,345,000 in new bonds in 2010, including Build America Bonds, as disclosed in Note III.H.6 & 7 to the financial statements. As part of this issuance, the Authority's debt ratings, as rated by Standard & Poor's, increased from A to A+.

The Authority issued new bonds totaling \$23.3 million in March 2010. The tax-exempt Bonds of \$8.7 million were used to prepay the Colorado Water Resource and Power Development Authority 2000 Loan. The taxable Build America Bonds of \$14.6 million will be used to finance capital improvements required by new water quality regulations. The annual debt service payments associated with the Build America Bonds range from \$0.6 million to \$1.4 million. The interest rates on the bonds range from 2.50% to 6.52%. The Series 2010 Bonds Debt Service Base Rate will be determined on an annual basis by dividing the net annual debt service requirements on the Series 2010 Build America Bonds by the actual number of SFE's receiving service as of January 1 of the year the Series 2010 Build America Bonds debt service is scheduled. For 2010, this rate was \$3.91 per month per SFE.

At the end of 2009, the Authority had a loan payable to the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority (CWRPDA) of \$8.7 million, water refunding bonds of \$7.2 million and assessment payable to Eagle Park Reservoir Company of \$1.8 million. The changes in debt during 2009 are representative of scheduled reductions of long-term obligations.

At the end of 2008, the Authority had a loan payable to the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority (CWRPDA) of \$9.2 million, water refunding bonds of \$7.8 million and assessment payable to Eagle Park Reservoir Company of \$1.8 million.

#### **2011 BUDGET CONSIDERATIONS**

The Authority will continue to promote wise use of water and support a comprehensive water conservation program. Additionally, the Authority will explore opportunities to develop or acquire new water resources.

The 2011 water service rates are unchanged for service base and usage. The Debt Service base rate has been established to provide a reliable revenue source for repayment of the 2010 Build America Bonds and is reduced from the \$3.91 and \$3.16 rates in 2010 to \$3.00 in 2011.

The 2011 water rates are \$14.67 service base rate per SFE, plus \$3.00 debt service base rate per SFE, and tied usage rates of \$3.11 per 1,000 gallons for tier one, \$4.75 per 1,000 gallons for tier two and \$6.87 per 1,000 gallons for tier three.

Plant investment fees increased 3% effective January 1, 2011.

#### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to: Becky Bultemeier, Customer and Financial Service Manager, Eagle River Water and Sanitation District, 846 Forest Road, Vail, Colorado 81657.



#### Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority Statements of Net Assets December 31, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009
Assets:		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents - Unrestricted	2,649,539	3,911,381
Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted	12,379,817	1,735,795
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:	. ,	
Accounts	1,056,728	977,934
Interest - Build America Bonds	26,110	-
Current portion of notes receivable	4,571	12,152
Prepaid expenses	170	71,307
Total Current Assets	16,116,935	6,708,569
Non-current Assets:		
Other Assets:		•
Patronage dividend receivable	381,952	363,247
Notes receivable - Due in more than one year	2,676,849	2,608,209
Debt issue costs, net of accumulated amortization	608,998	404,585
Investment in Eagle Park Reservoir Company	4,445,917	2,671,994
invocation in Lagio Fair Resolver Company	4,140,011	2,071,004
Total Other Assets	8,113,716	6,048,035
Capital Assets:		
Land and improvements	780,962	780,962
Water/storage rights	1,539,404	1,539,404
Construction in progress	4,911,210	2,398,678
Treatment plants	32,563,919	31,222,715
Distribution system	76,911,831	76,586,435
Water wells	8,186,470	8,194,535
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(41,486,751)	(37,393,195)
Total Capital Assets	83,407,045	83,329,534
Total Non-current Assets	91,520,761	89,377,569
Total Assets	107,637,696	96,086,138

#### Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority Statements of Net Assets December 31, 2010 and 2009 (Continued)

	2010	2009
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	1,422,669	328,262
Management fee payable	204,034	138,947
Interest payable	145,734	50,108
Loans and bonds payable - Due within one year	1,413,353	1,267,837
Deposits	10,758	12,502
Total Current Liabilities	3,196,548	1,797,656
Non-current Liabilities:		
Other payables	205,768	203,243
Loans and bonds payable - Due in more than one year	29,479,002	15,697,466
Total Non-current Liabilities	29,684,770	15,900,709
Total Liabilities	32,881,318	17,698,365
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	64,079,782	68,131,824
Resticted for Debt	2,526,980	1,735,795
Unrestricted	8,149,616	8,520,154
Total Net Assets	74,756,378	78,387,773

## Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Years Ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009
Operating Revenues: Service fees	8,355,216	7,693,024
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Total Operating Revenues	8,355,216	7,693,024
Operating Expenses:		
Water treatment	3,509,822	3,207,840
Water distribution	4,121,717	3,832,969
Other operating	896,920	734,899
General and administrative	2,645,800	2,142,057
Total Operating Expenses	11,174,259	9,917,765
Operating Income (Loss)	(2,819,043)	(2,224,741)
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses):		
Investment income	134,458	192,023
Interest credit - Build America Bonds	259,363	-
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	-	116,524
Other non-operating revenues	47,873	124,014
Interest expense	(1,695,301)	(963,520)
Paying agent fees	(1,275)	(1,275)
Amortization of bond issue costs	(59,238)	(37,276)
Total Non-operating Revenues	(1,314,120)	(569,510)
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions	(4,133,163)	(2,794,251)
Capital Contributions:	·	
Plant investment fees	157,874	412,054
Water storage fees, net of refunds	18,498	87,220
Contributed assets	325,396	783,983
Total Capital Contributions	501,768	1,283,257
Change in Net Assets	(3,631,395)	<b>(</b> 1,510,994)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	78,387,773	79,898,767
Net Assets - End of Year	74,756,378	78,387,773

#### **Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority Statements of Cash Flows** For the Years Ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Cash received from customers and others	8,276,422	7,492,208
Cash payments for goods and services	(5,945,700)	(5,979,932)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	2,330,722	1,512,276
Cash Flows From Non-capital Financing Activities:		
Patronage dividend received	29,078	29,467
Other cash receipts	6,469_	58,417
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital		
Financing Activities	35,547	87,884
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from bond issuance, including premium	23,680,834	-
Cash received from system development fees	157,874	510,466
Cash received from water storage fees	18,498	87,220
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	297,615
Interest subsidy payment received - Build America Bonds	233,253	-
Cash paid for return of capital asset deposit	(1,744)	(4,340)
Cash paid for principal on debt	(1,122,004)	(1,194,977)
Cash paid for interest and paying agent fees on debt	(1,619,817)	(900,092)
Debt issuance cost	(386,176)	(29,890)
Cash paid to refunded bond escrow agent to retire bond principal	(8,565,833)	·
Cash paid for capital acquisitions	(3,727,372)	(2,263,299)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related		
Financing Activities	8,667,513	(3,497,297)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Interest income received	31,912	106,952
Interest received on notes receivable	7,545	7,770
Principal received on notes receivable	33,941	11,925
Purchase of investments - Eagle Park Reservoir Company	(1,725,000)	-
Issuance of notes receivable	-	(27,235)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(1,651,602)	99,412
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	9,382,180	(1,797,725)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	5,647,176	7,444,901
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	15,029,356	5,647,176
Represented by Balance Sheet Captions:		
Cash and cash equivalents - Unrestricted	2,649,539	3,911,381
Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted	12,379,817	1,735,795
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	15,029,356	5,647,176
4		5,5 11,110

# Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority Statement of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 (Continued)

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	2010	2009
Operating income (loss)	(2,819,043)	(2,224,741)
Adjustments: Depreciation Prior year capitalized assets expensed in the current year (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in management fee payable	4,375,688 360,269 (78,794) 71,137 353,853 65,087	4,236,564 (200,816) 4,116 (56,072) (221,412)
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities  Total Adjustments	2,525 5,149,765	(25,363) 3,737,017
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	2,330,722	1,512,276
Non-cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Contribution of capital assets from developers	325,396	783,983
Receipt of note receivable in exchange for water rights	<u> </u>	2,375,001



#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority (the "Authority") was formed September 18, 1984 pursuant to an establishing contract by the following entities located in Eagle County, Colorado (the "members")"

- Arrowhead Metropolitan District
- Town of Avon
- Beaver Creek Metropolitan District
- Berry Creek Metropolitan District
- Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District
- Edwards Metropolitan District

The Authority, a quasi-municipal corporation, is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The Authority was established to make the best practical use of the members' joint resources to supply water and to further develop water resources and facilities in a portion of Eagle County, Colorado. The Authority also provides water service to the Cordillera and Bachelor Gulch developments through contracts with members.

The Authority may not be terminated while bonds, notes, or other obligations are outstanding, unless provision for full payment of such obligation has been made. At December 31, 2010, the Authority had debt with maturities through 2039.

The Authority has a service contract with the members. Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority provides residents of the members water service; the Authority bills these residents at rates which are expected to cover its costs of providing water services and other functions. Such costs specifically include debt service requirements, depreciation, replacements, operations, and maintenance. As part of the agreement, the members have leased all of their rights, associated easements, and improvements to the Authority at no cost. As return consideration, the Authority has agreed to maintain the associated improvements and to administer and protect the members' plan for augmentation and water decrees at no cost to the members.

Effective January 1, 1998, the members approved an Amended and Restated Master Service Contract (the "Master Service Contract"). In addition to the provisions described above, the Master Service Contract stipulated that:

- The members convey their individual water systems to the Authority.
- All member customers become customers of the Authority.
- Tap fees and water surcharges will remain revenue of the individual members.
- Maintenance of the existing individual water systems becomes the responsibility of the Authority.
- Construction of new lines and the extension of existing lines to serve new developments remains the responsibility of the individual members.
- The members retain ownership of water rights and an interest in assets, including rights
  to capacity in the system to the extent necessary to ensure service to their service areas
  and to retain individual enterprise status.

The Authority has no employees; all operations and administrative functions are contracted with Eagle River Water and Sanitation District (the "District"), as subsequently explained.

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Authority's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued through November 30, 1989, when applicable, that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Although the Authority has the option to apply FASB pronouncements after that date to its enterprise fund, the Authority has chosen not to do so. The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP used by the Authority are discussed below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government; i.e., the Authority, and (b) organizations for which the Authority is financially accountable. The Authority is considered financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it is able to appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the Authority. Consideration is also given to other organizations, which are fiscally dependent; i.e., unable to adopt a budget, levy taxes, or issue debt without approval by the Authority. Organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Authority are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete are also included in the reporting entity.

Based on the criteria above, the Authority is not financially accountable for any other entity nor is the Authority a component unit of any other government.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The Authority uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions and activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

The Authority uses a proprietary fund-type, an enterprise fund, to account for its activity, providing water services to residents within the Authority's boundaries. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) which are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement focus refers to whether financial statements measure changes in current resources only (current financial focus) or changes in both current and long-term resources (long-term economic focus). Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues, expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Financial statement presentation refers to classification of revenues by source and expenses by function.

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

#### 1. Long-term Economic Focus and Accrual Basis

Proprietary funds use the long-term economic focus and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

#### 2. Financial Statement Presentation

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Authority's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### D. Financial Statement Accounts and Accounting Policies

#### 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, the Authority considers cash on hand, demand deposits, U.S. government obligations and other highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### 2. Receivables

Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. However, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been established at December 31, 2010, as the Authority considers all accounts to be collectible.

#### 3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include water/storage rights, land and improvements, construction in progress, treatment plants, distribution systems, and water wells, are reported in the financial statements. The Authority defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of water and storage rights includes acquisition cost, legal and engineering costs related to the development and augmentation of those rights. Since the rights have a perpetual life, they are not amortized. All other costs, including costs incurred for the protection of those rights, are expensed. See the Schedule of Water and Storage Rights in the Statistical Section (pages F8-F10) for additional information.

Each of the participating members leased or subleased sufficient water rights to the Authority at no cost to the Authority to meet their projected needs upon full build-out within their current boundaries.

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### D. Financial Statement Accounts and Accounting Policies (continued)

#### 3. Capital Assets (continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Capital outlay for projects is capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase is capitalized as part of the value of the assets constructed. During the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Authority capitalized interest of \$69,068 and \$0, respectively, as part of capital assets.

Treatment plants, distribution systems, and water wells are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Treatment plants	5 - 40
Distribution systems	5 - 40
Water wells	5 - 40

In the event of the dissolution of the Authority, all of the assets of the Authority shall immediately vest in the participating members, subject to any outstanding liens, mortgages, or other pledges of such assets. The interest in the assets of the Authority conveyed to each member shall be that proportion which the average annual amount of treated water sold within the boundaries of each member, bears to the average annual total amount of all treated water sold by the Authority.

#### 4. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets and increased by any unspent proceeds from related borrowings. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Authority or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net assets are reported as unrestricted.

The Authority applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### D. Financial Statement Accounts and Accounting Policies (continued)

#### 5. Long-term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in Statement of Net Assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the respective life of the respective debt using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Debt issuance costs are reported as other assets and are amortized over the term of the related debt.

The deferred cost on bond refunding is being amortized over the life of the new bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method. The amortization amount is a component of interest expense and the unamortized deferred cost is reflected as a reduction of bonds payable.

#### 6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the Authority's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 7. Restricted and Unrestricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### 8. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through September 28, 2011, the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

#### 9. Comparative Data and Reclassifications

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

#### II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

#### A. Budgetary Information

In the fall of each year, the Authority's Board of Directors formally adopts a budget with appropriations for the ensuing year pursuant to the Colorado Local Budget Law. The budget is adopted on a non-GAAP basis and is reconciled to GAAP in Section E of this report. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations and all appropriations lapse at year-end.

As required by Colorado statutes, the Authority followed the required timetable noted below in preparing, approving, and enacting its budget for 2010:

- The Authority submitted, on or before October 15, 2009, a recommended budget that detailed the necessary revenues to meet the Authority's operating requirements.
- 2. On or prior to December 31, 2009, after a required publication of "Notice of Budget" and a public hearing, the Authority adopted the proposed budget and a resolution that legally appropriated expenditures for the upcoming year.
- 3. After adoption of the budget resolution, the Authority may make the following changes: a) it may approve supplemental appropriations to the extent of revenues in excess of estimated revenues in the budget; b) it may approve emergency appropriations; and c) it may reduce appropriations for which originally estimated revenues are insufficient.

#### B. TABOR Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters amended Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20; commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights ("TABOR"). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations that apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that for the prior year, extension of any expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any local government. Any revenues earned in excess of the fiscal year spending limit must be refunded in the next fiscal year, unless voters approve retention of such excess revenue.

Except for refinancing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple-fiscal year debt or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocably and held for payments in all future fiscal years.

#### II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)

#### B. TABOR Amendment (continued)

TABOR also requires local governments to establish an emergency reserve to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. The reserve is calculated at 3% of fiscal year spending. Fiscal year spending excludes bonded debt service and enterprise spending. Enterprises, defined as government-owned businesses authorized to issue revenue bonds and receiving less than 10% of annual revenue in grants from state and local governments, are excluded from the provisions of TABOR. The Authority's management believes its operations qualify for this exclusion.

The Authority believes it is in compliance with the financial provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of its provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits and qualification as an enterprise, will require judicial interpretation.

#### III. Detailed Notes on All Funds

#### A. Deposits and Investments

The Authority's deposits are entirely covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or by collateral held under Colorado's Public Deposit Protection Act ("PDPA"). The FDIC insures depositors up to \$250,000 for interest bearing accounts and provides unlimited coverage for non-interest bearing accounts. Interest bearing deposit balances over \$250,000 are collateralized as required by PDPA. The carrying amounts of the Authority's cash and cash equivalents were \$15,029,356 and \$5,647,176 as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

#### III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

#### A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

At December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Authority had the following cash and investments with the following maturities:

	December 31, 2010					
	Standard		Maturities			
	& Poors	Carrying	Less than	1 - 5		
	Rating	Amounts	one year	years		
Deposits:						
Checking	Not rated	148,217	148,217	-		
Money market	Not rated	5,553	5,553	-		
Investment pools	AAAm	14,875,586	14,875,586			
Total		15,029,356	15,029,356			

	December 31, 2009				
	Standard		Maturities		
& Poors Rating		Carrying Amounts	Less than one year	1 - 5 years	
Deposits:					
Checking	Not rated	83,458	83,458	-	
Money market	Not rated	4,823	4,823	-	
Investment pools	AAAm	5,558,895	5,558,895	-	
Total		5,647,176	5,647,176	-	

The investment pool represents investments in the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST") which is a 2a7-like pool. The fair value of the pool is determined by the pool's share price. The Authority has no regulatory oversight for the pool.

**Interest Rate Risk.** As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the Authority coordinates its investment maturities to closely match cash flow needs and restricts the maximum investment term to less than two years from the purchase date.

**Credit Risk.** The Authority's investment policy implements the prudent investor rule as a guideline for investment decisions.

Colorado statutes specify instruments in which local governments may invest, including:

- Obligations of the U.S. and certain U.S. governmental agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- · General obligation and revenue bonds for U.S. local governmental entities
- · Bankers acceptances of certain banks
- · Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- · Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

#### III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

#### A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

**Concentration of Credit Risk.** According to the Authority's investment policy, it is permitted to invest up to the following maximum limits:

Investment Type	Maximum Percentage
U.S. Treasury obligations	100%
Qualified certificates of deposit	50%
Qualified local government investment pools	100%
Federal instrumentality securities	50%
Repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S.	100%
Treasury obligations	•
Bankers acceptances and commercial paper - combined total	30%

#### B. Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

At December 31, 2010 and 2009, cash has been restricted for the following purposes:

	12/31/10	12/31/09
Debt covenant and operations reserves	2,526,980	1,735,795
Restricted for capital projects	9,852,837	-
Total	12,379,817	1,735,795

#### C. Summary of Cash and Investments

The Authority's cash and cash equivalents are disclosed in the following financial statement captions:

	<u> 12/31/10</u>	12/31/09
Cash and cash equivalents - Unrestricted	2,649,539	3,911,381
Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted	12,379,817	1,735,795
Total	15,029,356	5,647,176

#### III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

#### D. Notes Receivable

The following is an analysis of changes in notes receivable for past two fiscal years:

	1/1/09			12/31/09			12/31/10
	Beginning	A -1 -1'4'	<b>D.</b> d	Ending			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance
Flat Tops	-	2,452,302	-	2,452,302	95,000	-	2,547,302
WECMRD	<b>-</b>	27,235	(2,725)	24,510	-	(24,510)	•
Shaw Cancer Caring House	10,188	-	(5,091)	5,097	-	(5,097)	-
Traer Creek	142,561	-	(4,109)	138,452		(4,334)	134,118
	152,749	2,479,537	(11,925)	2,620,361	95,000	(33,941)	2,681,420
Less: Current portion	(9,202)			(12,152)			(4,571)
Long-term portion	143,547			2,608,209		-	2,676,849

#### 1. Flat Tops

In 2005, the Authority and the District jointly entered into an agreement to purchase water rights. In 2009, due to the determination that alternative water rights available would be of greater benefit to the Authority, the purchase of these water rights was rescinded by the Authority. In addition to a cash payment, the District received a \$2,375,000 note receivable in exchange for its claim to these water rights. The annual interest rate on the note is 4% and is to be collected by March 9, 2011, if not earlier.

#### 2. Western Eagle County Metropolitan Recreation District ("WECMRD")

On July 23, 2009, the Authority entered into an agreement with WECRMD whereby the Authority received \$27,235 plus interest payments in exchange for a deferred tap fee. Annual principal and interest payments were due to the Authority on October 1<sup>st</sup> through 2018. The loan bore interest at 4.00% per annum. This note was paid off early by WECMRD in 2010.

#### 3. Traer Creek Metropolitan District ("Traer Creek")

On November 4, 2002, the Authority entered into a service agreement with Traer Creek for augmentation water. This agreement requires Traer Creek to pay an amount equal to the cost of 300 shares of Eagle Park Reservoir Company (the "Reservoir Company") stock for use in connection with the augmentation water. The Authority is to remain the record titleholder of the 300 shares of the Reservoir Company stock and will retain all shareholder rights. Pursuant to this agreement, the purchase price of the Company stock was \$163,070. Annual combined principal and interest payments of \$11,880 are due to the Authority on September 15<sup>th</sup> through 2028. The loan bears interest at 5.45% per annum.

#### 4. Shaw Cancer Caring House ("Shaw")

On October 16, 2002, the Authority entered into an agreement with Shaw Outreach Team, also known as the Shaw Cancer Caring House, a nonprofit organization, whereby the Authority received \$25,455 for tap fees. Annual principal payments of \$5,091 were due to the Authority on November 1<sup>st</sup> through 2010. The loan was non-interest bearing.

#### III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

#### E. Patronage Dividend Receivable

The Authority has a dividend receivable from Holy Cross Electric Association ("Holy Cross") which represents allocated refundable operating profits. These amounts are held by Holy Cross as working capital until the financial condition of Holy Cross permits a refund. Refunds are normally received annually approximately ten years in arrears. During the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Authority received refunds of \$29,079 and \$48,802, respectively, from Holy Cross. The balances due to the Authority at December 31, 2010 and 2009, were \$381,952 and \$363,247, respectively.

#### F. Investment in Eagle Park Reservoir Company

The Eagle Park Reservoir Company (the "Reservoir Company"), a Colorado nonprofit corporation was formed May 8, 1998 to acquire water diversion, storage facilities and water rights, including the Arkansas well water and operate its water storage facilities located in Eagle County, Colorado, and to direct releases of water from the reservoir on behalf of its stockholders. An investment in the Reservoir Company allows the owner to augment its existing water rights.

In 1998, the Authority acquired 3830 Class A Shares (approximately 19%) and 125 Class B shares of the stock in the Reservoir Company for \$2,216,574 and the contribution/pledge of certain water rights. The \$2,216,574 was financed through an assessment obligation payable to the Reservoir Company, which is explained in Note III.H.1, and is recorded as an investment in Eagle Park Reservoir Company, along with \$143,420 of legal costs related to the issuance of the assessment payable. Since 1998, the Authority has acquired additional shares of the Reservoir Company through various transactions. As of December 31, 2009, the Authority held 4240 Class A Shares (approximately 21%), 125 Class B Series 1 and 129 Class B Series 2 shares of the stock in the Reservoir Company at a cost of \$2,671,994.

During 2010, the Authority acquired an additional 1150 Class A shares through an investment of an additional \$1,725,000 in the Reservoir Company when the Reservoir Company entered into an agreement with the City of Aurora to exchange water (the "2010 Water Delivery Agreement"). During 2010, the Authority also capitalized \$48,923 of costs associated with the enlargement of an unrelated dam, for which the Authority had already received 150 Class A shares.

As of December 31, 2010, the Authority held 5390 Class A Shares (approximately 21%), 125 Class B Series 1 and 131.5 Class B Series 2 shares of the stock in the Reservoir Company at a cost of \$4,445,917. See the Schedule of Water and Storage Rights in the Statistical Section (pages F8-F10) for additional information.

#### III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

#### G. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the past two fiscal years was as follows:

	1/1/09 Beginning Balance	Additions	Reclasses and Retirements	12/31/09 Ending Balance	Additions	Reclasses and Retirements	12/31/10 Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				-			
Land and land improvements	780,962	-	-	780,962	-	-	780,962
Water/storage rights	4,095,496	-	(2,556,092)	1,539,404	-	-	1,539,404
Construction in progress	3,410,723	2,284,230	(3,296,275)	2,398,678	3,236,353	(723,821)	4,911,210
Total capital assets,							
not being depreciated	8,287,181	2,284,230	(5,852,367)	4,719,044	3,236,353	(723,821)	7,231,576
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Treatment plants	28,179,087	3,043,628		31,222,715	1,615,270	(274,066)	32,563,919
Distribution system	75,777,568	808,867	-	76,586,435	325,396	-	76,911,831
Water wells	7,973,566	220,969	-	8,194,535	-	(8,065)	8,186,470
Total capital assets							
being depreciated	111,930,221	4,073,464		116,003,685	1,940,666	(282,131)	117,662,220
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Treatment plants	(11,173,091)	(1,239,360)	-	(12,412,451)	(1,395,526)	274,066	(13,533,911)
Distribution system	(20,265,342)	(2,669,455)	<del>,</del>	(22,934,797)	(2,659,231)	-	(25,594,028)
Water wells	(1,718,198)	(327,749)	-	(2,045,947)	(320,930)	8,065	(2,358,812)
Total accumulated depreciation	(33,156,631)	(4,236,564)	-	(37,393,195)	(4,375,687)	282,131	(41,486,751)
Total capital assets,							
being depreciated, net	78,773,590	(163,100)		78,610,490	(2,435,021)		76,175,469
Total capital assets, net	87,060,771	2,121,130	(5,852,367)	83,329,534	801,332	(723,821)	83,407,045

Depreciation expense for the years ended 2009 and 2010 was charged to the following departments:

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	2009	2010
Water treatment	1,567,109	1,716,456
Water distribution	2,669,455	2,659,231
Total	4,236,564	4,375,687

#### III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

#### H. Long-Term Debt

The Authority had the following long-term debt outstanding during the past two fiscal years:

#### 1. 1998 Assessment Obligation Note

As previously explained in Note III.F, the Authority financed its 1998 investment in the Reservoir Company through the execution of an assessment obligation note in the amount of \$2,216,574. This note bears interest at 5.45% annually. Debt service payments of \$151,671 are due annually on September 16<sup>th</sup> through 2028.

The obligation is secured by the Authority's ownership of common stock of the Reservoir Company and certain water rights owned by participating members and leased to the Authority. The agreement contains release provisions for the collateral based on the timely payment of scheduled obligations. The assessment payable is subject to annual appropriation.

The Authority is maintaining a reserve equal to the next fiscal year's principal and interest payments for this obligation.

## 2. 2000 Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority ("CWRPDA" Loan)

In February 2000, the Authority entered a \$10,745,000 loan agreement with CWRDPA, the proceeds of which were used to construct the Edwards treatment plant, purchase land for the Edwards treatment plant, and to design a regional storage tank. Principal and variable interest payments were due monthly through October 1, 2020. The loan bore interest between 4.30% and 5.80% annually. During 2010, proceeds from the Tax-Exempt Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, were used to prepay this loan as mentioned in Note III.H.6. Prepayment of the loan was permitted upon written notice to CWRPDA and upon payment of certain administrative fees and a redemption premium.

The Authority pledged revenues from the operation and use of the water treatment facilities and other legally available revenue, after the payment of operation and maintenance expenses of the system, for the repayment of the loan. The loan agreement contained various restrictive covenants and requirements, including a rate covenant, maintenance of a three month operating reserve, and compliance with an additional bond test.

#### 3. Water Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2002

The Authority issued \$5,155,000 of bonds in November 2002, the proceeds of which were used to refund the Authority's 1994 Bonds, finance improvements to the Authority's water system, purchase water rights, purchase municipal bond insurance, and pay the costs of issuance. The interest rates on the bonds range from 3.00% to 4.90%. Interest is payable on June 1<sup>st</sup> and December 1<sup>st</sup> through 2022. The principal is payable on December 1<sup>st</sup> and matures in various increments through 2022.

#### III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

#### H. Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### 3. Water Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2002 (continued)

As special, limited obligations of the Authority, principal and interest on the bonds are payable solely from net pledged revenues. Such net revenue includes income derived from the water treatment facilities and other legally available revenue after the payment of operation and maintenance expenses of the system.

The bond documents include a Rate Maintenance Covenant, which requires the Authority to establish service rates at a level sufficient to cover operating, maintenance, system improvement, insurance, and other expenses, as well as 110% of each fiscal year's debt service requirements of outstanding Authority bonds.

These bonds are secured by a Reserve Fund equal to the least of 1) 10% of the aggregate principal amount of outstanding 2002 Bonds and any Future Reserve Fund Bonds (as defined in the bond documents), 2) the maximum annual principal and interest on outstanding 2002 Bonds and any Future Reserve Fund Bonds, or 3) 125% of average principal and interest on the bonds and any Reserve Fund Bonds. The Authority has purchased an insurance policy to provide reserve funds if needed; therefore, no reserve has been reflected in these financial statements for this purpose.

In accordance with bond indentures, the Authority has restricted cash and net assets equal to one-sixth (1/6) of the next installment and one-twelfth (1/12) of the next principal installment.

Pursuant to bond documents, the Authority has also created an Operations Reserve in an amount equal to three months of operations and maintenance expenses as set forth in the Authority's annual budget.

Only bonds maturing on and after December 1, 2013, are subject to redemption prior maturity: these bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the Authority at par value.

#### 4. Water Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2003

The Authority issued \$5,155,000 of bonds in July 2003, the proceeds of which were used to refund a portion of the Authority's 1995 Bonds, purchase municipal bond insurance, and pay the costs of issuance. The interest rates on the bonds range from 2.00% to 3.80%. Interest is payable on June 1 and December 1, through 2018. The principal is payable on December 1 and matures in various increments through 2018.

As special, limited obligations of the Authority, principal and interest on the bonds are payable solely from net pledged revenues. Such net revenue includes income derived from the water treatment facilities and other legally available revenue after payment of operation and maintenance expenses of the system.

The bond documents include a Rate Maintenance Covenant, which requires the Authority to establish service rates at a level sufficient to cover operating, maintenance, system improvement, insurance, and other expenses, as well as 110% of each fiscal year's debt service requirements of outstanding Authority bonds.

#### III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

#### H. Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### 4. Water Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 (continued)

These bonds are secured by a Reserve Fund equal to the least of 1) 10% of the aggregate principal amount of outstanding 2003 Bonds and any Future Reserve Fund Bonds (as defined in the bond documents), 2) the maximum annual principal and interest on outstanding 2003 Bonds and any Future Reserve Fund Bonds, or 3) 125% of average principal and interest on the bonds and any Reserve Fund Bonds. The Authority has purchased an insurance policy to provide reserve funds if needed; therefore, no reserve has been reflected in these financial statements for this purpose.

In accordance with bond indentures, the Authority has restricted cash and net assets equal to one-sixth (1/6) of the next installment and one-twelfth (1/12) of the next principal installment.

Pursuant to bond documents, the Authority has also created an Operations Reserve in an amount equal to three months of operations and maintenance expenses as set forth in the Authority's annual budget.

Only bonds maturing on and after December 1, 2014, are subject to redemption prior maturity: these bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the Authority at par value.

#### 5. Water Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2007

The Authority issued \$2,040,000 of bonds in October 2007, the proceeds of which were used to refund the outstanding Authority's 1995 Bonds, purchase municipal bond insurance, and pay the costs of issuance. The interest rates on the bonds range from 3.70% to 4.00%. Interest is payable on June 1<sup>st</sup> and December 1<sup>st</sup>, through 2018. This bond issue consists of serial bonds due annually on December 1<sup>st</sup> in various increments through 2014 and term bonds due on December 1, 2016 and December 1, 2018. The serial bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at par, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

As special, limited obligations of the Authority, principal and interest on the bonds are payable solely from net pledged revenues. Such net revenue includes income derived from the water treatment facilities and other legally available revenue after the payment of operation and maintenance expenses of the system.

The bond documents include a Rate Maintenance Covenant, which requires the Authority to establish service rates at a level sufficient to cover operating, maintenance, system improvement, insurance, and other expenses, as well as 110% of each fiscal year's debt service requirements of outstanding Authority bonds.

These bonds are secured by a Reserve Fund equal to the least of 1) 10% of the aggregate principal amount of outstanding 2002 Bonds and any Reserve Fund Bonds (as defined in the bond documents), 2) the maximum annual principal and interest on outstanding 2002 Bonds and any Reserve Fund Bonds, or 3) 125% of average principal and interest on the bonds and any Reserve Fund Bonds. The Authority has purchased an insurance policy to provide reserve funds if needed; therefore, no reserve has been reflected in these financial statements for this purpose.

#### III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

#### H. Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### 5. Water Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 (continued)

In accordance with bond indentures, the Authority has restricted cash and net assets equal to one-sixth (1/6) of the next installment and one-twelfth (1/12) of the next principal installment.

Pursuant to bond documents, the Authority has also created an Operations Reserve in an amount equal to three months of operations and maintenance expenses as set forth in the Authority's annual budget.

Only bonds maturing on and after December 1, 2016, are subject to redemption prior maturity: these bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the Authority at par value.

#### 6. Tax-Exempt Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2010

The Authority issued \$8,695,000 of tax-exempt water revenue bonds in February 2010, the proceeds of which were used to retire the aforementioned CWRPDA loan (Note III.H.2), finance deposits to Reserve Fund (which is subsequently explained), and pay the costs of issuance. The interest rates on the bonds range from 2.50% to 4.00%. Interest is payable on June 1<sup>st</sup> and December 1<sup>st</sup>, through 2020. The principal is payable on December 1<sup>st</sup> and matures in various increments through 2020.

As special, limited obligations of the Authority, principal and interest on the bonds are payable solely from net pledged revenues. Such net revenue includes income derived from the water treatment facilities and other legally available revenue after the payment of operation and maintenance expenses of the system. In connection with the issuance of these bonds, the Authority has adopted a resolution imposing a new Water Debt Service Rate which is collected monthly from each single family equivalent ("SFE") in the system.

The bond documents include a Rate Maintenance Covenant, which requires the Authority to establish service rates at a level sufficient to cover operating, maintenance, system improvement, insurance, and other expenses, as well as 110% of each fiscal year's debt service requirements of outstanding Authority bonds.

These bonds and the Taxable Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 (collectively referred to as the "2010 Bonds"), are secured by a common Reserve Fund equal to the least of 1) 10% of the aggregate principal amount of outstanding 2010 Bonds and any Reserve Fund Bonds (as defined in the bond documents), 2) the maximum annual principal and interest on outstanding 2010 Bonds and any Reserve Fund Bonds, or 3) 125% of average principal and interest on the bonds and any Reserve Fund Bonds. The Authority has purchased an insurance policy to provide reserve funds if needed; therefore, no reserve has been reflected in these financial statements for this purpose.

#### III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

#### H. Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### 6. Tax-Exempt Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 (continued)

In conjunction with the issuance of the 2010 Bonds, the Authority is required to maintain a Rate Stabilization Fund of \$600,000; the Rate Stabilization Fund was created to help offset or reduce any increases in fees, rates, and other charges to the users of the water system which was created by the Rate Maintenance Covenant.

In accordance with bond indentures, the Authority has restricted cash and net assets equal to one-sixth (1/6) of the next installment and one-twelfth (1/12) of the next principal installment.

Pursuant to bond documents, the Authority has also created an Operations Reserve in an amount equal to three months of operations and maintenance expenses as set forth in the Authority's annual budget.

These bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to their respective maturity dates.

#### 7. Taxable Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2010

The Authority issued \$14,650,000 of taxable water revenue bonds in February 2010, the proceeds of which were used to finance improvements to the water system, finance deposits to Reserve Fund (which is subsequently explained), and pay the costs of issuance. The interest rates on the bonds range from 5.36% to 6.52%. Interest is payable on June 1<sup>st</sup> and December 1<sup>st</sup>, through 2039. This bond issue consists of term bonds due on December 1, 2025, December 1, 2030, and December 1, 2039; these bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at par, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

These bonds are Qualified Build America Bonds, which indicates the bonds are not tax-exempt. Under the Build America Program, the Authority may apply for interest cost subsidies from the federal government. Such subsidies will be used by the Authority to pay debt service on these bonds. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010, the Authority recognized revenue of \$259,363 related to this subsidy.

As special, limited obligations of the Authority, principal and interest on the bonds are payable solely from net pledged revenues. Such net revenue includes income derived from the water treatment facilities and other legally available revenue after the payment of operation and maintenance expenses of the system. In connection with the issuance of these bonds, the Authority has adopted a resolution imposing a new Water Debt Service Rate which is collected monthly from each single family equivalent ("SFE") in the system.

The bond documents include a Rate Maintenance Covenant, which requires the Authority to establish service rates at a level sufficient to cover operating, maintenance, system improvement, insurance, and other expenses, as well as 110% of each fiscal year's debt service requirements of outstanding Authority bonds.

# III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

# H. Long-Term Debt (continued)

# 7. Taxable Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 (continued)

As previously discussed, these bonds and the Tax-Exempt Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 (collectively referred to as the "2010 Bonds"), are secured by a common Reserve Fund equal to the least of 1) 10% of the aggregate principal amount of outstanding 2010 Bonds and any Reserve Fund Bonds (as defined in the bond documents), 2) the maximum annual principal and interest on outstanding 2010 Bonds and any Reserve Fund Bonds, or 3) 125% of average principal and interest on the bonds and any Reserve Fund Bonds. The Authority has purchased an insurance policy to provide reserve funds if needed; therefore, no reserve has been reflected in these financial statements for this purpose.

In conjunction with the issuance of the 2010 Bonds, the Authority is required to maintain a Rate Stabilization Fund of \$600,000; the Rate Stabilization Fund was created to help offset or reduce any increases in fees, rates, and other charges to the users of the water system which was created by the Rate Maintenance Covenant.

In accordance with bond indentures, the Authority has restricted cash and net assets equal to one-sixth (1/6) of the next installment and one-twelfth (1/12) of the next principal installment.

Pursuant to bond documents, the Authority has also created an Operations Reserve in an amount equal to three months of operations and maintenance expenses as set forth in the Authority's annual budget.

These bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the Authority at par plus accrued interest without a redemption premium.

# I. Long-term Liability Activity Schedules

Long-term liability activity for 2009 was as follows:

	1/1/09 Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	12/31/09 Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
					Ono rour
1998 assessment obligation note	1,820,070	-	(52,477)	1,767,593	55,337
2000 CWRPDA loan	9,170,000	-	(512,500)	8,657,500	562,500
2002 refunding and improvement					
revenue bonds	1,215,000	-	(65,000)	1,150,000	70,000
2003 refunding revenue bonds	4,710,000	-	(410,000)	4,300,000	415,000
2007 refunding revenue bonds	1,875,000	-	(155,000)	1,720,000	165,000
Uanmortized bond premiums	74,122	-	(6,272)	67,850	-
Unamortized bond discounts	(38,071)	-	3,359	(34,712)	-
Unamortized deferred cost on				,	
refunding	(733,113)	-	70,185	(662,928)	-
Total	18,093,008	_	(1,127,705)	16,965,303	1,267,837

# III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

# I. Long-term Liability Activity Schedules (continued)

Long-term liability activity for 2010 was as follows:

	1/1/10 Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	12/31/10 Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
1998 assessment obligation note	1,767,593	_	(55,338)	1,712,255	58,353
2000 CWRPDA Ioan	8,657,500	-	(8,657,500)	<i>.</i>	· <u>-</u>
2002 refunding and improvement			, , , ,		
revenue bonds	1,150,000	. <b>-</b>	(70,000)	1,080,000	70,000
2003 refunding revenue bonds	4,300,000	-	(415,000)	3,885,000	425,000
2007 refunding revenue bonds	1,720,000	_	(165,000)	1,555,000	170,000
2010 tax-exempt revenue bonds	-	8,695,000	(325,000)	8,370,000	690,000
2010 taxable revenue bonds	-	14,650,000	-	14,650,000	<u>-</u>
Uanmortized bond premiums	67,850	335,834	(32,106)	371,578	_
Unamortized bond discounts	(34,712)	-	34,712	-	_
Unamortized deferred cost on					
refunding	(662,928)	(150,296)	81,746	(731,478)	-
Total	16,965,303	23,530,538	(9,603,486)	30,892,355	1,413,353

# J. Debt Service Schedules

Aggregate debt service requirements at December 31, 2010, were as follows for the Authority:

			Principal	Interest	Total
2011			1,413,353	1,515,513	2,928,866
2012			1,486,533	1,468,678	2,955,211
2013			1,544,887	1,422,278	2,967,165
2014			1,618,423	1,373,317	2,991,740
2015			1,662,152	1,318,468	2,980,620
2016	. <b>-</b>	2020	7,689,212	5,652,338	13,341,550
2021	-	2025	3,683,115	4,396,571	8,079,686
2026	-	2030	3,884,580	3,356,359	7,240,939
2031	-	2035	4,210,000	2,169,191	6,379,191
2036	-	2039	4,060,000	675,591	4,735,591
Total			31,252,255	23,348,304	54,600,559

### IV. Other Information

#### A. Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority has joined together with other special districts in the State to form the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool ("the Pool"), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member special districts. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Authority pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

The Authority carries commercial insurance coverage for other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

# B. Intergovernmental Agreements

#### 1. Interconnect

The Authority and the District entered into an intergovernmental agreement ("IGA") to construct an interconnect between their two water systems to enable the transfer of water between the parties for the purposes of achieving operational flexibility. In accordance with the IGA, the deliveries between the two systems are to be measured daily (net distribution of water) with the net amount owed by either party to the other to be billed to the owing party at a rate equal to 75 percent of the then current water rate charges by the owing party. The intent of the parties is to provide long-term service to each other through the availability of peak use season and emergency supplemental water supply. The payment calculation year is May 1<sup>st</sup> to April 30<sup>th</sup>. If at the end of the payment year there is a net distribution of water to one of the parties, that party shall make payment to the other party. In most years, the net distribution at April 30 is insignificant and does not require a payment to be made. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, the net amount payable from the Authority to the District was \$205,768 and \$203,243, respectively.

# 2. Management and Operations Agreement

Through an agreement, the District provides administration, operations, accounting and maintenance services to the Authority. The District bills customers for the water service provided and collects and remits the monies to the Authority. Costs incurred under the terms of this agreement amounted to \$3,367,845 and \$3,034,204 during the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Outstanding management fees due to the District as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 totaled \$204,034 and \$138,947, respectively. There were other outstanding payables, for operation services, due to the District as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 totaling \$396,816 and \$70,022, respectively. As of December 31, 2010 there was \$967,847 due from the District, for water service billed, included in the \$1,056,728 accounts receivable balance.

### IV. Other Information (continued)

### B. Intergovernmental Agreements (continued)

#### 3. Ground Lease

On April 30, 1985, the Authority entered into a lease agreement with the Town of Avon for the land upon which the water treatment facility is located. The term of the lease is for 99 years. Minimal consideration for the lease was paid in advance. In addition, the Town of Avon has reserved the right to use the airspace above the water treatment facility for construction of municipal facilities.

# C. Commitments and Contingencies

### 1. Federal and State Grants and Financial Sources

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Authority expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.



# **Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Funds Available Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual With Reconciliation to GAAP Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended 2009)

		20	10		2009
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Water service fees	0 400 005	0.400.005	0.057.744	(04.054)	7 007 004
Proceeds from sale of assets	8,439,395	8,439,395	8,357,741	(81,654)	7,667,661
Investment income	116,257	116,257	31,912	(94 245)	297,613 106,952
Plant investment fees	84,310	84,310	157,874	(84,345) 73,564	412,054
Water storage fees	04,510	04,510	18,498	18,498	87,220
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	_	23,345,000	23,680,834	335,834	67,220
Principal collections of notes receivable	4,335	4,335	33,940	29,605	11,925
Interest credit - Build America Bonds	4,555	4,555	259,363	259,363	11,925
Proceeds for interest on notes receivable	7,546	7,546	7,546	209,000	7,770
Other	67,500	67,500	29,169	(38,331)	87,884
Total Revenues	8,719,343	32,064,343	32,576,877	512,534	8,679,079
Expenditures: Water Treatment:					
Management contract	977,500	977,500	1,039,154	(61,654)	950,162
Utilities	594,150	594,150	541,504	52,646	466,983
Chemicals and supplies	257,600	257,600	212,708	44,892	223,585
Subtotal - Water Treatment	1,829,250	1,829,250	1,793,366	35,884	1,640,730
Water Distribution:					
Management contract	760,000	760,000	901,155	(141,155)	706,611
Utilities	343,500	343,500	311,955	`31,545 <sup>°</sup>	303,718
Repairs and maintenance	85,000	85,000	249,376	(164,376)	153,185
Subtotal - Water Distribution	1,188,500	1,188,500	1,462,486	(273,986)	1,163,514
Other Operating:					
Utilities	26,000	26,000	19,287	6,713	19,676
Chemicals and supplies	58,000	58,000	54,213	3,787	21,508
Repairs and maintenance	678,340	678,340	653,573	24,767	501,805
Outside services	181,000	181,000	167,895	13,105	191,910
Subtotal - Other Operating	943,340	943,340	894,968	48,372	734,899
General and Administrative:					
Insurance	95,000	95,000	71,307	23,693	75,635
Legal - General	60,000	60,000	319,302	(259,302)	117,775
Legal - Water rights	265,000	265,000	328,667	(63,667)	374,627
Engineering	100,000	100,000	49,916	50,084	109,626
Consulting	25,000	25,000	24,507	493	5,105
Management and accounting	1,398,000	1,398,000	1,439,836	(41,836)	1,395,031
Conservation awareness	18,000	18,000	5,096	12,904	9,984
Directors' fees and expenses	12,100	12,100	10,641	1,459	8,610
Watershed projects	135,000	135,000	29,768	105,232	34,004
Other	8,600	8,600	9,643	(1,043)	11,661
Subtotal - General & Administrative	2,116,700	2,116,700	2,288,683	(171,983)	2,142,058

# **Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Funds Available Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual With Reconciliation to GAAP Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended 2009) (Continued)

		2010			2009
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Expenditures (continued):					
Debt Service:					
Principal payments	1,460,338	1,460,338	1,122,004	338,334	1,194,977
Interest payments Paying agent fees	1,287,915 1,750	1,287,915	1,714,169	(426,254)	896,248
Principal paid to refunded bond	1,750	1,750	1,275	475	1,275
escrow agent	-	8,844,224	8,565,833	278,391	_
Bond issue costs			386,176	(386,176)	29,890
Subtotal - Debt Service	2,750,003	11,594,227	11,789,457	(195,230)	2,122,390
Other:					
Capital outlay	8,505,348	7,661,124	4,467,926	3,193,198	2,228,286
Eagle Park Reservoir Company stock	2,222,272	.,,	.,, , ,		1,220,200
purchases - Water rights	1,800,000	1,800,000	1,725,000	75,000	48,923
Loan advances				-	24,510
Subtotal - Other	10,305,348	9,461,124	6,192,926	3,268,198	2,301,719
Total Expenditures	19,133,141	27,133,141	24,421,886	2,711,255	10,105,310
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
Expenditures	(10,413,798)	4,931,202	8,154,991	3,223,789	(1,426,231)
Funds Available - Beginning of Year	15,074,602	15,074,602	6,178,750	(8,895,852)	7,604,981
Funds Available - End of Year	4,660,804	20,005,804	14,333,741	(5,672,063)	6,178,750
Funds available at year-end is computed a	as follows:				
Current assets			16,116,935		6,708,569
Current liabilities			(3,196,547)		(1,797,656)
Current portion of long-term obligations			1,413,353		1,267,837
			14,333,741	=	6,178,750
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expen	ditures		8,154,991		(1,426,231)
Contributed assets from developers			325,396		783,983
Proceeds from bond issue			(23,680,834 <b>)</b>		
Principal payment to refunded bond escrow Change in patronage dividends receivable	agent		8,565,833		-
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets			18,704		36,130 (297,613)
Gain (loss) on disposition of property			-		116,524
Collection of notes receivable - Principal			(33,940)		(11,925)
Collection of notes receivable - Interest			(7,546)		(7,770)
Increase in accrued interest on notes receiv	able		103,747		85,071
Depreciation  Bond and loan issue cost amortization			(4,375,687)		(4,236,564)
Amortization of bond premiums and discour	nts		(59,238) (50,201)		(37,276) (67,272)
Debt principal payments	110		1,122,004		1,194,977
Capitalized debt issue costs			386,176		29,890
Capitalized assets			4,467,926		2,228,286
Prior year capitalized assets expensed in the	e current year		(360,269)		-
Capitalized interest Increase in Investment in Eagle Park Resen	voir Company		69,068		40.000
Loan advances	voir Company		1,725,000		48,923 24,510
Change in other long-term payables (interco	nnect)		(2,525)	_	25,363
Change in Net Assets - GAAP Basis		:	(3,631,395)	=	(1,510,994)

# 1998 Assessment Obligation Note Payable to Eagle Park Reservoir Company Original Principal - \$2,216,574 Interest Rate - 5.45%

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# 2002 Water Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds

Original Principal - \$5,155,000 Interest Rate - 3.00% to 4.90%

Year Ending December 31,	Principal Due December 1	Interest Due June 1 and December 1	Total
2011	70,000	47,153	117,153
2012	75,000	44,598	119,598
2013	75,000	41,785	116,785
2014	80,000	38,860	118,860
2015	80,000	35,660	115,660
2016	85,000	32,340	117,340
2017	90,000	28,685	118,685
2018	95,000	24,725	119,725
2019	100,000	20,450	120,450
2020	105,000	15,850	120,850
2021	110,000	10,915	120,915
2022	115,000	5,635	120,635
	1,080,000	346,656	1,426,656

# 2003 Water Refunding Revenue Bonds Original Principal - \$5,830,000 Interest Rate - 2.00% to 3.80%

		Interest Due			
Year Ending	Principal Due	June 1 and			
December 31,	December 1	December 1	Total		
2011	425,000	136,763	561,763		
2012	445,000	123,163	568,163		
2013	460,000	108,255	568,255		
2014	480,000	92,155	572,155		
2015	490,000	75,835	565,835		
2016	505,000	58,685	563,685		
2017	535,000	40,505	575,505		
2018	545,000	20,710	565,710		
	3,885,000	656,071	4,541,071		

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# 2007 Water Refunding Revenue Bonds Original Principal - \$2,040,000

Interest Rate - 3.70% to 4.00%

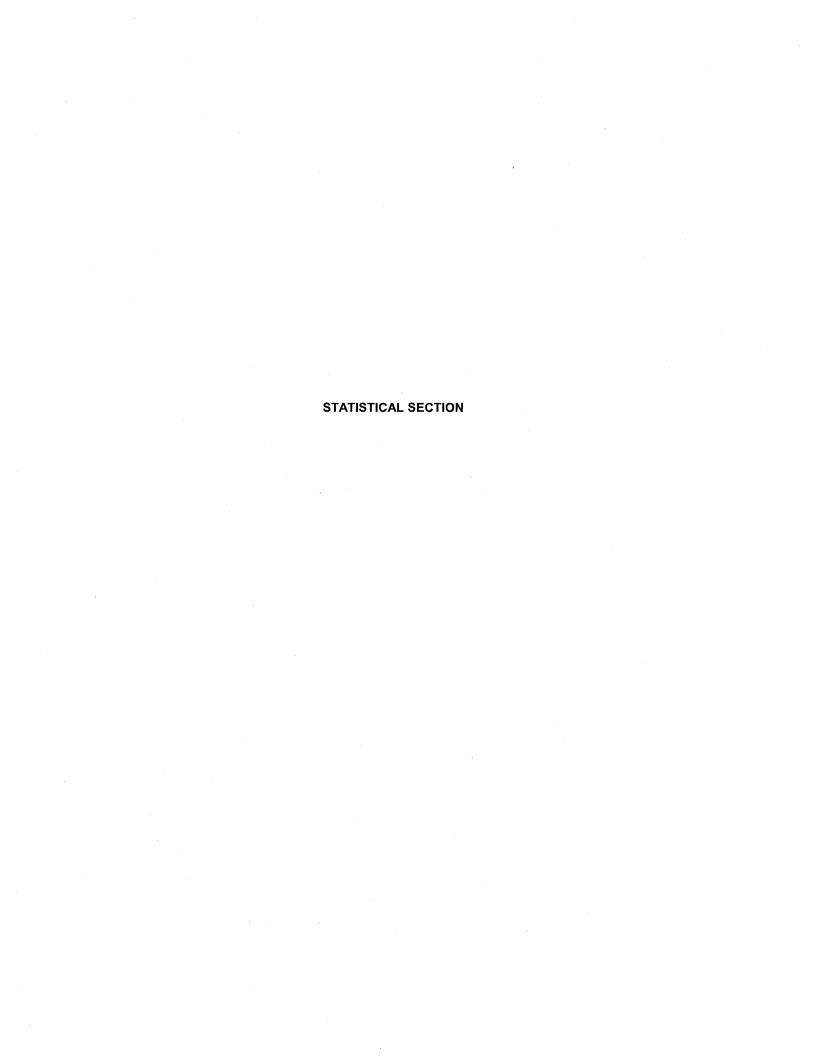
		Interest Due	
Year Ending	Principal Due	June 1 and	
December 31,	December 1	December 1	Total
2011	170,000	60,140	230,140
2012	180,000	53,340	233,340
2013	185,000	46,140	231,140
2014	190,000	38,740	228,740
2015	195,000	31,140	226,140
2016	205,000	23,925	228,925
201 <b>7</b>	210,000	16,340	226,340
2018	220,000	8,360	228,360
	1,555,000	278,125	1,833,125

# 2010 Water Revenue Bonds Original Principal - \$8,695,000 Interest Rate - 2.50% to 4.00%

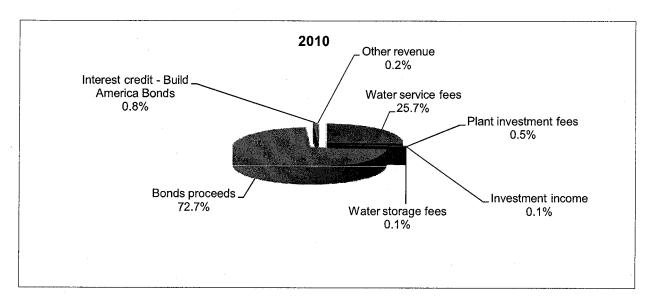
Year Ending		-	
	Principal Due	June 1 and	
December 31,	December 1	December 1	Total
			-
2011	690,000	282,925	972,925
2012	725,000	262,225	987,225
2013	760,000	244,100	1,004,100
2014	800,000	225,100	1,025,100
2015	825,000	201,100	1,026,100
2016	860,000	176,350	1,036,350
2017	890,000	148,400	1,038,400
2018	920,000	112,800	1,032,800
2019	950,000	76,000	1,026,000
2020	950,000	38,000	988,000
	8,370,000	1,767,000	10,137,000

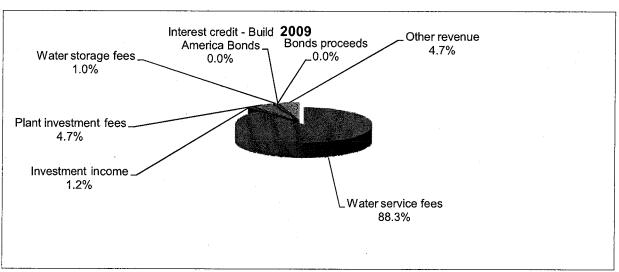
# 2010 Water Revenue Bonds Direct Pay Build America Bonds Original Principal - \$14,650,000 Interest Rate - 5.36% to 6.52%

		Interest Due	
Year Ending	Principal Due	June 1 and	
December 31,	•		T - 4 - 1
December 31,	December 1	December 1	Total
2011	_	895,214	895,214
2012		895,214	895,214
2013	_	895,214	895,214
2014	-	895,214	895,214
2015	-	895,214	895,214
2016	_	895,214	895,214
2017	-	895,214	895,214
2018	_	895,214	895,214
2019	<u></u>	895,214	895,214
2020	_	895,214	895,214
2021	545,000	895,214	1,440,214
2022	560,000	865,996	1,425,996
2023	580,000	835,975	1,415,975
2024	600,000	804,881	1,404,881
2025	620,000	772,715	1,392,715
2026	645,000	739,477	1,384,477
2027	670,000	702,273	1,372,273
2028	695,000	663,627	1,358,627
2029	720,000	623,540	1,343,540
2030	745,000	582,010	1,327,010
2031	775,000	539,039	1,314,039
2032	805,000	488,524	1,293,524
2033	840,000	436,054	1,276,054
2034	875,000	381,303	1,256,303
2035	915,000	324,271	1,239,271
2036	950,000	264,631	1,214,631
2037	995,000	202,710	1,197,710
2038	1,035,000	137,856	1,172,856
2039	1,080,000	70,393	1,150,393
	14,650,000	19,282,629	33,932,629



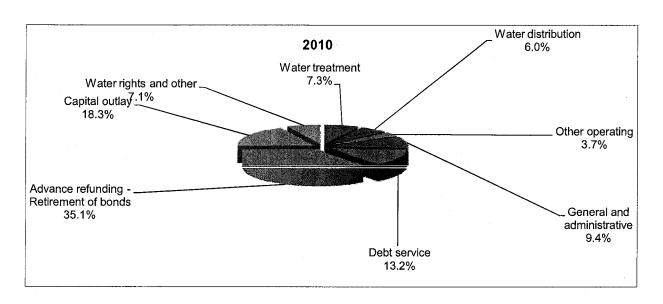
# Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority Budgetary Revenue Analysis Two Year Comparison December 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

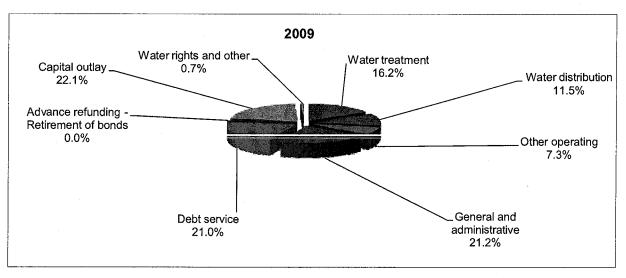




	2010	2009
Water service fees	\$ 8,357,741	7,667,661
Investment income	31,912	106,952
Plant investment fees	157,874	412,054
Water storage fees	18,498	87,220
Bonds proceeds	23,680,834	-
Interest credit - Build America Bonds	259,363	-
Other revenue	70,655	405,192
Total revenue (budgetary basis)	\$ 32,576,877	8,679,079

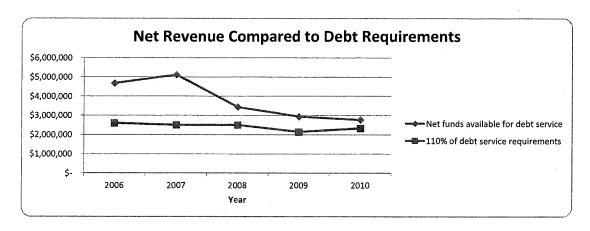
# Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority Budgetary Expenditures Analysis Two Year Comparison December 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

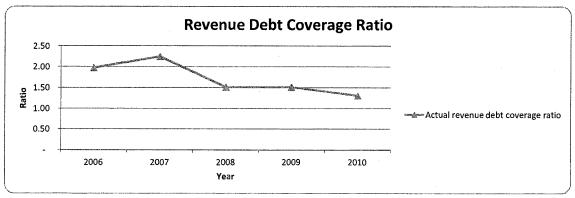




	2010	2009
Water treatment	\$ 1,793,366	1,640,730
Water distribution	1,462,486	1,163,514
Other operating	894,968	734,899
General and administrative	2,288,683	2,142,058
Debt service	3,223,624	2,122,390
Advance refunding - Retirement of bonds	8,565,833	0
Capital outlay	4,467,926	2,228,286
Water rights and other	1,725,000	73,433
Total expenditures (budgetary basis)	\$ 24,421,886	10,105,310

## Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority Revenue Debt Coverage Five Year Comparison December 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

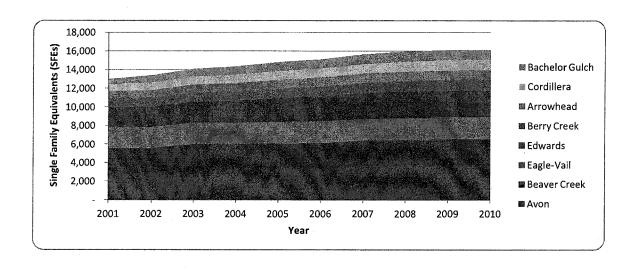




Per the bond covenants, the Authority is to assess a fee cover operations and maintenance and 110% of debt service.

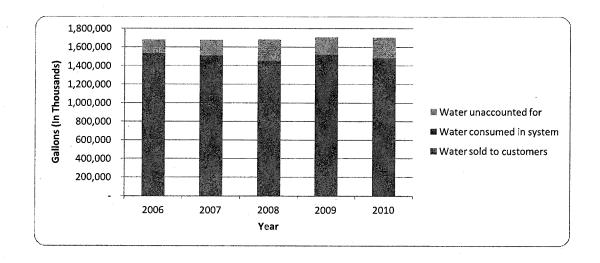
•		<u>2006</u>	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>
(Loss) before capital contributions	\$	(2,218,660)	(1,979,765)	(3,039,304)	(2,794,251)	(4,133,163)
Plus:						
Interest expense		1,160,580	1,091,315	1,011,568	963,520	1,695,301
Depreciation		4,068,730	4,157,456	4,184,831	4,236,564	4,375,687
Amortization		36,312	36,244	34,363	37,276	59,238
Capital contributions		1,624,410	1,815,638	1,249,886	499,274	176,372
Rate stabilization funds		-	-		-	600,000
Net funds available for debt service	\$	4,671,372	5,120,888	3,441,344	2,942,383	2,773,435
Debt service requirements	\$	2,361,008	2,278,480	2,278,480	1,946,284	2,124,872
Factor		110%	110%	110%	110%	110%
110% of debt service requirements	_\$	2,597,109	2,506,328	2,506,328	2,140,912	2,337,359
Actual revenue debt coverage ratio		1.98	2.25	1.51	1.51	1.31

# Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority Single Family Equivalents (SFEs) in Service Ten Year Comparison December 31, 2010 (Unaudited)



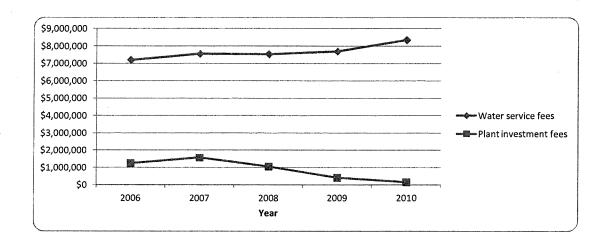
	<u>2001</u>	2002	2003	<u>2004</u>	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	<u> 2010</u>
Avon	2,936	2,940	3,358	3,376	3,420	3,462	3,675	3,760	3,787	3,802
Beaver Creek	2,641	2,650	2,664	2,665	2,678	2,706	2,756	2,731	2,776	2,781
Eagle-Vail	2,284	2,292	2,296	2,302	2,331	2,352	2,362	2,362	2,368	2,369
Edwards	2,128	2,159	2,250	2,339	2,521	2,621	2,729	2,814	2,842	2,853
Berry Creek	955	969	999	1,023	1,041	1,080	1,100	1,148	1,161	1,163
Arrowhead	757	804	842	891	936	978	991	1,009	1,015	1,024
Cordillera	765	836	887	901	923	968	1,020	1,070	1,113	1,115
Bachelor Gulch	532	788	808	878	959	980	1,039	1,052	1,050	1,054
Total SFEs	12,998	13,438	14,104	14,375	14,809	15,147	15,672	15,946	16,112	16,161
Percent increase	<u>3.79%</u>	3.39%	<u>4.96%</u>	<u>1.92%</u>	3.02%	2.28%	<u>3.47%</u>	<u>1.75%</u>	<u>1.04%</u>	0.30%

# Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority Water Production Analysis - Gallons Five Year Comparison December 31, 2010 (Unaudited)



	Gallons (in Thousands)						
·	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010		
Water sold to customers	1,400,871	1,419,384	1,425,025	1,289,737	1,324,885		
Water consumed in system	134,267	92,144	24,357	231,950	157,804		
Water unaccounted for	145,544	166,802	230,144	183,507	221,893		
Total water treated	1,680,682	1,678,330	1,679,526	1,705,194	1,704,582		
Unaccounted for water							
percentage	<u>8.66%</u>	<u>9,94%</u>	<u>13.70%</u>	<u>10.76%</u>	<u>13.02%</u>		

# Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority Water Statistics Five Year Comparison December 31, 2010 (Unaudited)



	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>
Water service fees	\$ 7,199,166	7,549,088	7,527,812	7,693,024	8,355,216
Average single family equivalent (SFE)	14,997	15,381	15,809	16,031	16,148
Average service fee per SFE	\$ 480	491	476	480	517
Plant investment fees	<u>\$ 1,253,427</u>	<u>1.570,937</u>	1,062,251	412,054	157,874
Gallons sold (in thousands)	1,400,871	1,419,384	1,425,025	1,289,737	1,324,885
Average single family equivalent (SFE)	14,997	15,381	15,809	16,031	16,148
Factor (days per year)	365	365	365	365	365
Average gallons sold per day per SFE	256	253	247	220	225

# Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority Top 10 Customers December 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

Customer Type	Member District	1,000 Gallons	 ales Dollar Amount	% of Total Sales Dollars
Hotel / Resort	Bachelor Gulch	28,770	\$ 137,678	1.6%
Apartment complex	Edwards	26,388	136,674	1.6%
Apartment complex	Avon	18,703	110,178	1.3%
Condominiums HOA	Avon	15,723	94,335	1.1%
Condominiums / Resort	Beaver Creek	14,413	94,273	1.1%
Mobile Home Park	Avon	16,209	85,579	1.0%
Hotel / Resort	Avon	15,663	84,321	1.0%
Ski Company/ Resort	Beaver Creek	9,572	69,226	0.8%
Condominiums HOA	Avon	9,161	64,468	0.8%
Hotel / Resort	Avon	7,294	62,163	0.7%
Total - Top 10 Custom	ers -	161,896	 938,896	11.2%
Total - All Other Custo	mers	1,162,989	7,416,320	88.8%
Total Service Fees	•	1,324,885	\$ 8,355,216	100.0%

# Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority Schedule of Water & Storage Rights December 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

Most of the water and storage rights currently used by the Authority were provided by the member government entities at no cost to the Authority. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), only owned water and storage rights are shown on the Authority's Statement of Net Assets at historic cost, totaling \$1,539,404. This cost represents mostly legal expenditures to establish the Authority's ability to use these rights to provide water directly to the customers of each of its members and a small acquisition of new rights. Also in accordance with GASB, the investment in Eagle Park Reservoir Company Stock, which provides a valuable source of raw water supply, is not reflected in capital assets, but is shown in Other Assets at the historic cost of \$4,445,917. Management of the Authority believes the actual value of these water and storage rights used by the Authority to be greater than historical cost at December 31, 2010.

The appraisal value as of December 22, 2010, performed by Porzak, Browning & Bushong, LLP (Special Water Rights Counsel for the Authority) is recited here solely for informational purposes.

Water Right	Quantity (a.f.)	Price per a.f.	Historical Cost	Appraisal Value
Investment in Eagle Park Reservoir Company	579	\$21,000	\$4,445,917	\$12,159,000
Homestake Reservoir	256.5	21,000	0	5,386,500
Black Lakes Lease	200	0	0	0
Green Mtn. Res. contract	548	1,000	0	548,000
Wolford Mtn. Res. contract	710.8	2,600	0	1,848,000
In-basin consumptive use	2,285.335	6,600	1,539,404	15,083,211
Beaver Creek (summer)	215	6,600	0	1,419,000
Beaver Creek (winter)	17	21,000	0	357,000
TOTAL			\$5,985,321	\$36,800,711

# **Water Rights Owned**

## Eagle Park Reservoir

The Authority owns or has a perpetual contractual right to the water rights in connection with Eagle Park Reservoir (579 a.f.). Refer to footnote III.F. for additional terms. The value of Eagle Park Reservoir is based on the Authority's dedication replacement cost of \$21,000 per acre-foot for non-irrigation season in-basin storage. That replacement cost is established by the Authority's water dedication policy, which is the basis by which water service is approved for and provided to all new development in the Authority's service area.

### Homestake Reservoir

The Authority owns or has a perpetual contractual right to the water rights in connection with Homestake Reservoir (256.5 a.f.). The value of Homestake Reservoir storage is based on the Authority's dedication replacement cost of \$21,000 per acre-foot for non-irrigation season in-basin storage. That replacement cost is established by the Authority's water dedication policy, which is the basis by which water service is approved for and provided to all new development in the Authority's service area.

## Green Mountain Reservoir

The Authority owns water related contracts in connection with Green Mountain Reservoir (548 a.f.).

<u>Contract 9-07-60-W0413</u>: This contract was executed on July 17, 1989, for 220 acre-feet per year. The annual lease payment is \$10 per acre-foot, which can be adjusted to cover operation and maintenance costs if such costs exceed \$10 per acre-foot. This lease is for a

# Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority Schedule of Water & Storage Rights December 31, 2010 (Unaudited) (continued)

term of 40 years (expires July 16, 2029), with an option to renew for an additional 40 years. By virtue of an assignment from Kensington Partners, Squaw Creek Metropolitan District, and Cordillera Metropolitan District of 255 acre-feet of water annually from Kensington Partner's Green Mountain Reservoir Contract No. 4-07-60-W1015, the Bureau is amending the Authority's Contract 9-07-60-W0413 to include this assigned amount, resulting in a total of 475 acre-feet under this contract. All of the terms of the Authority's Contract 9-07-60W0413 will apply to the entire 475 acre-feet of water per year. The Bureau's approval of the assignment is pending of the 255 acre-feet is pending.

Contract 9-07-60-W0401: This contract was executed by Kensington Partners on January 11, 1989, for 25 acre-feet per year, and it was amended on October 25, 1989, to include an additional 48 acre-feet per year, for a total of 73 acre-feet of water per year. The annual lease payment is \$10 per acre-foot, which can be adjusted to cover operation and maintenance costs if such costs exceed \$10 per acre-foot. This lease is for a term of 40 years (expires January 10, 2029), with an option to renew for an additional 40 years. Kensington Partners assigned this contract to Squaw Creek Metropolitan District and Cordillera Metropolitan District, and they assigned it to the Authority on March 25, 2004. The Bureau approved the assignment to the Authority effective October 4, 2010.

Green Mountain Reservoir contract water value is based on the fact that Green Mountain Reservoir is a finite pool, that there are no new contracts being let by the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation for this pool, but also reflecting its lower value compared with Wolford Mountain Reservoir contract water due to less reliability and transfer issues with the Bureau. The term of the Green Mountain Reservoir contract is also less than the term of the Wolford Mountain Reservoir contract.

### Wolford Mountain Reservoir

The Authority owns water related contracts in connection with Wolford Mountain Reservoir (710.8 a.f.).

Contract CW08011: This contract was executed on February 10, 2009, for 500 acre-feet per year. The base price was \$260.25 per acre-foot for the first year, and annual contract payments are \$260.25 per acre-foot, but they can be increase each year up to the amount of increase in the Consumer Price Index plus New Growth Index. It is for an initial term of 75 years (expiring February 9, 2084), with a right of first refusal at the end of the initial term on the same terms at which the River District is offering similar supplies to other municipal water providers.

Contract CW02020: This contract was executed by the Squaw Creek Metropolitan District on December 13, 2002, and it was assigned from Squaw Creek Metropolitan District to the Authority on June 4, 2004. It is for 200 acre-feet per year, and the initial cost was \$105.00 per acre-foot, with an annual lease payment is \$105.00 per acre-foot, which can be increased each year up to the increase in the Boulder-Denver Metro Area Consumer Price Index. It is for an initial term of 40 years (expiring December 12, 2042), with a right to renew for an additional 35 years.

Contract CW03005: This contract was executed by Traer Creek Metropolitan District on February 3, 2003, and it was assigned from Traer Creek Metropolitan District to the Authority on April 16, 2003. It is for 10.8 acre-feet per year, with an initial cost of \$750.00 per acre-foot. The annual lease payment is \$20.00 per acre-foot, which can be adjusted every five (5) years based on the cumulative in the Boulder-Denver Metro Area Consumer Price Index. It is for an initial term of 40 years (expires February 2, 2043), with a right to renew for an additional 35 years.

# Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority Schedule of Water & Storage Rights December 31, 2010 (Unaudited) (continued)

Wolford Mountain Reservoir contract water value is based on a ten (10) year cost at \$260 per acrefoot per year, or a total of \$2,600 per acrefoot. A ten year lease cost is an approximation of the purchase value of this water.

#### In-Basin Consumptive Use

The Authority owns or has a perpetual contractual right to in-basin consumptive use water rights (437.081 a.f.). In-basin consumptive use credits are valued at the Authority's dedication replacement cost of \$6,600 per acre-foot of irrigation season water. This replacement cost is established by the Authority's water dedication policy, which is the basis by which water service is approved for and provided to all new development in the Authority's service area.

#### Water Rights Leased

#### In-Basin Consumptive Use

The Authority has leased in-basin consumptive use water rights (1848.254 a.f.) from its members and Traer Creek Metropolitan District. The essential terms of the leases are that the members lease these water rights at no cost to the Authority for so long as the Authority exists and provides water service to these members. In-basin consumptive use credits are valued at the Authority's dedication replacement cost of \$6,600 per acre-foot of irrigation season water. This replacement cost is established by the Authority's water dedication policy, which is the basis by which water service is approved for and provided to all new development in the Authority's service area.

### **Beaver Creek**

The Authority has leased water rights (232 a.f.) from Beaver Creek. The essential terms of the lease is that the members lease these water rights at no cost to the Authority for so long as the Authority exists and provides water service to these members. The Beaver Creek direct flow summer rights are valued at the Authority's dedication replacement cost of \$6,600 per acre foot of irrigation season water, and the Beaver Creek direct flow winter rights are valued at the Authority's dedication replacement cost of \$21,000 per acre foot of non-irrigation season water. These replacement costs are established by the Authority's water dedication policy, which is the basis by which water service is approved for and provided to all new development in the Authority's service area.